

## **IOWA INITIAL REFUGEE HEALTH ASSESSMENT FORM**

Please return the completed form within one month of the patient's health assessment.

Name (Last, First, Middle):		Alien #:			
Date of Birth:		Country of Origin:			
TB Class (circle one): A, B1, B2, no	class	Gender:			
Date of First Clinic Visit for U.S. Sc					
Date of First Cliffic Visit for 0.3. 3C	reeming/	_ Nesettlement Agency			
Immunization Record: Please en	ter immunizations administered	d today in the Immunization Re	egistry Information System (IRIS).		
DPH will enter all overseas records int					
Hepatitis Screening:	•				
Hepatitis B Anti-HBs: ☐ Nega	tive	mune	☐ Not done		
HBsAg:   Negative   Positive; all household contacts should be screened.   Not done					
Anti-HBc: Nega		Not done □ Not done			
Hepatitis C (Optional):					
Tuberculosis Screening:	T				
Tuberculin Skin Test (TST)	Chest X-Ray - Done in U.S.	Diagnosis	Treatment		
(Regardless of BCG history)	Required when:	(Check one)	(TB disease or LTBI)		
mm Induration (not redness)	• TST/IGRA +	□ No TB infection or disease			
☐ Past history of positive TST (66)	Class B Status     Class B Status	☐ Latent TB Infection (LTBI)*			
☐ Given, not read (77)	S/S TB Disease	☐ Old, healed <u>not</u> prev. Tx Tl☐ Old, healed prev. Tx TB	☐ Declined treatment		
☐ Not done (99)	☐ Normal☐ Abnormal, old or healed TB☐				
ICDA Test (professed > ess 5)	☐ Abnormal, consistent with	or confirmed)*	contraindicated		
IGRA Test (preferred > age 5)	active TB	☐ Pending	☐ Moved out of area		
☐ QFT/QFT-GIT ☐ Tspot	☐ Abnormal, not consistent	☐ Incomplete eval., lost to F	/U ☐ Lost to F/U		
□ Positive	with active TB		☐ Further eval. pending		
☐ Negative☐ Indeterminate	☐ Pending		☐ Other:		
☐ Not done	☐ Not done	*Complete TB Tx section			
Savually Transmitted Infactions					
Sexually Transmitted Infections    HIV:		Ves	☐ Not done		
HIV Confirm: Negative	Positive Treated.	☐ Positive			
Syphilis: Negative	☐ Positive Treated: ☐	Yes ☐ No ☐ Pending	☐ Not done		
Syphilis Confirm: Negative	Positive				
Chlamydia: Negative	☐ Positive Treated: ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Pending		☐ Not done		
Gonorrhea:			☐ Not done		
ntestinal Parasite Screening: M					
necessary <b>ONLY</b> if presumptive treatm	ent did not occur <b>or</b> signs or sy	mptoms of infection are prese	ent.		
Serology Test					
Schistosoma:	ositive Treated: 🗌 Yes 🛭	] No ☐ Indeterminate	☐ Pending ☐ Not done		
Strongyloides:	ositive Treated: 🗌 Yes 🛭	] No	☐ Pending ☐ Not done		
Stool Test					
	nple not returned				
☐ No parasites found					
☐ Non-pathogenic parasites found					
☐ Pathogenic parasite(s) found (check					
☐ Ascaris Treated:		☐ Strongyloides Trichuris	Treated:		
Giardia Treated:		☐ Entamoeba histolytica	Treated: Yes No		
☐ Schistosoma Treated:		☐ Paragonimus	Treated: Yes No		
Clonorchis Treated:		Other: (Specify)	Treated: Yes No		
☐ Hookworm Treated:	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Other: (Specify)	Treated: ☐ Yes ☐ No		

Interpreter Type:  Professional Interpretation Serv Onsite Interpreter Friend/Family Member  Note: Please fill out the Iowa Ref receipt. As an alternative, you mensure that it contains the above Public Health at Phone: (515) 28:  Screening Clinic: Address: Phone:	iugee Health Assessme ay submit the patient' e information. For mor 1-0433, <b>Fax: (515) 281</b> Ph	's complete here information I-4570 or Jesthysician/PA/	ealth report from the Resica. Eagan@idph  NP (Last, First):	m their refugee hefugee Health Pr n.iowa.gov	nealth assessment; please rogram, lowa Department of
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<ul><li>□ Professional Interpretation Serv</li><li>□ Onsite Interpreter</li></ul>					
	ices				
Language:	_				
Interpreter used? ☐ Yes ☐ No	,				
Other Health Concerns/ Diagr		<u> </u>	runniy riunning		Guier Referral.
☐ Gastroenterology (GI) ☐ General Medicine	☐ Audiology/Hearing☐ Dermatology		Vision Family Planning		☐ Neurology ☐ Other Referral:
□WIC	☐ Dental		Family Practice		☐ Urology
Referrals:    Primary Care Provider   Mental Health	☐ Ear, Nose and Thro☐ Hematology/Oncol		OB/GYN Endocrinology		☐ Public Health Nurse (PHN) ☐ Pediatrics
Vision Loss ☐ Yes	□ No □ Not don	ic			
Mental Health Concern ☐ Yes Vision Loss ☐ Yes			ental Problems	☐ Yes ☐ No	o □ Not done
Currently Pregnant Yes			earing Problems	☐ Yes ☐ No	
Height (in)	Weight (lbs)		Lead (<17 y	yrs Oluj	Hemoglobin
General:			1 a a d / 44 <b>7</b> a	1.4\	U ann a allahin
Malaria ☐ Negative ☐	Positive Treated/Ref	ferred: 🔲 \	es 🗌 No [	☐ Pending ☐	] Not done
Saharan Africa and has <b>not</b> received	d presumptive treatme	ent overseas			
Malaria Screening: Recommen					
_	_	□No	· ·		
_		□ No □	Results pending		
Malaria Screening: Recommen		□ No			



## Iowa Department of Public Health Domestic Refugee Health Assessment Screening Recommendations

Recommendations are based upon <u>CDC Guidelines</u>

Disease or Condition	Recommendation
General	Along with the below categories, this screening is an opportunity to identify any untreated chronic or acute illness a refugee may be experiencing, as well as to establish primary care. Patients should be asked if they are currently suffering any symptoms of which the provider should be aware. Overseas medical records should be carefully reviewed. Daily pediatric multivitamins should be prescribed for all refugee children aged 6 to 59 months, as well as for older children who exhibit clinical or laboratory evidence of poor nutrition.
Immunizations	Assess and update immunizations for each individual according to general ACIP recommendations. Child and adult immunization catch-up schedules should be consulted for refugees who are not up to date on their immunizations.
Hepatitis	Administer a hepatitis B screening panel including hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg), hepatitis B surface antibody (anti-HBs), and hepatitis B core antibody (anti-HBc) to all adults and children. Vaccinate previously unvaccinated and susceptible children 0-18 years of age. Vaccinate susceptible adults at increased risk for HBV infection or from endemic countries. Refer all persons with chronic HBV infection for additional ongoing medical evaluation. Screen for hepatitis C in individuals with risk factors. For refugees, pertinent risk factors include: a history of illicit injection drug use, a history of hemodialysis or a blood transfusion, previous work as a healthcare provider, tattoos, and being born to a mother with hepatitis C.
Tuberculosis (TB)	Perform a tuberculin skin test (TST) or blood interferon gamma release assay (IGRA)* for TB for all individuals regardless of BCG history, unless documented previous positive test. Pregnancy is not a medical contraindication for TST testing or for treatment of active or latent TB. TST administered prior to 6 months of age may yield false negative results. A chest x-ray should be performed for all individuals with a positive TST or IGRA test. A chest x-ray should also be performed regardless of IGRA/TST results for those with a TB Class A or B designation from overseas exam and/or those who have symptoms compatible with TB disease.
	*The IGRA is preferable to the TST for refugees because it reduces false positives from the BCG vaccine, thus increasing the acceptance of LTBI treatment¹ and reducing the need for further diagnostic testing. One such IGRA, the quantiFERON-TB Gold In-Tube (QFT-GIT) ®, is available from the State Hygienic Lab in Iowa. A courier system is in place to transport specimens. The CPT code is 86480 and it is reimbursable through Medicaid. Additional information regarding specimen collection and shipping instructions for the State Hygienic Laboratory can be found in the Tuberculosis tab of the Refugee Health Quick Reference Guide.
	<sup>1</sup> Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report. Updated Guidelines for Using Interferon Gamma Release Assays to Detect Mycobacterium tuberculosis Infection – United States, 2010. June 25, 2010 / Vol. 59 / No. RR—5 / Pg. 1 – 26.
Sexual Transmitted Infections & HIV	The CDC strongly recommends universal HIV screening for newly arrived refugees. Refugees are not tested for HIV infection prior to arrival in the United States. Refugees are tested for syphilis up to six months prior to arrival, but not for other STIs. Use clinical judgment to screen for syphilis, chlamydia, gonorrhea and other STIs. The CDC recommends all sexually active females 25 years of age or younger be screened for chlamydia and gonorrhea at least annually.

## **Intestinal Parasites** For all refugees: Perform a complete blood count (CBC) with differential. If eosinophil count is elevated (>400 cells/ul), re-check in 3-6 months and evaluate further if still elevated. This is the only parasite screening necessary for refugees who have received full pre-departure presumptive treatment. Currently, this list includes refugees whose cases were processed in: Kenya, Rwanda, South Africa, Tanzania, Ethiopia, Uganda, Burundi, Malaysia, Thailand, Nepal, Iraq, or Jordan (wherein they can be assumed to have received pre-departure presumptive treatment) unless they had a contraindication to pre-departure presumptive treatment (see below under "screen only"). **O&P stool testing or presumptive treatment**: all refugees arriving from a country other than those listed above and: Screen only: refugees who are under two years old, are pregnant or recently gave birth, have a history of unexplained seizures, neurocysticercosis, or cysticercosis, regardless of country of origin. Documented albendazole treatment then no screening/treatment needed unless symptomatic. Schistosoma serology testing or presumptive treatment: all Sub-Saharan African refugees arriving from a country other than those listed above and: Screen only: all Sub-Saharan African refugees who are under five years old or 94 cm, have a history of unexplained seizures, neurocysticercosis, or cysticercosis. Documented praziquantel treatment then no screening/treatment needed unless symptomatic. Strongyloides serology testing or presumptive treatment: all refugees arriving from a country other than those listed above and: Screen only: all refugees who are under 15kg or 90cm, are pregnant or recently gave birth, or are from a loa-loa endemic region regardless of country of origin. Documented ivermectin or high-dose albendazole treatment then no screening/treatment needed unless symptomatic. Malaria Screen those who present with symptoms suspicious of malaria. For asymptomatic refugees from Sub-Saharan Africa, screen if there is both no documented pre-departure presumptive treatment of Artemether-lumefantrine and the patient has arrived from a country that is not on the CDC's presumptive treatment list<sup>1</sup> or they had a contraindication<sup>2</sup> to treatment prior to arrival. Individuals without contraindications may be presumptively treated rather than screened. Individuals with contraindications should receive diagnostic testing first, and if positive, receive directed treatment. Diagnostic testing should be performed with blood smears or rapid diagnostic tests with a kit recommended by DGMQ for IOM use for medical screening of U.S.-bound refugees. <sup>1</sup> The CDC list currently includes: Kenya, Rwanda, South Africa, Tanzania, Ethiopia, Uganda, and Burundi; it can be assumed that refugees arriving from these countries have received pre-departure treatment regardless of their medical records. <sup>2</sup> Contraindications to Artemether-lumefantrine include: pregnant women, lactating women, children weighing less than 5 kilograms and persons with other contraindications. Lead Screen all refugee children under 17 years old. If BLL is elevated (≥10 µg/dL), check for lead sources and evaluate family members; follow-up care as needed. Mental Health Providers should be aware of the high prevalence of depression, post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), panic attacks, and somatization in refugees. It is common for refugees to present with stressrelated somatic symptoms such as headaches, stomachaches and back pain. Refugees experiencing these symptoms with unexplained etiology or other mental health symptoms should be referred to a mental health professional. For assistance with preliminary evaluation of depression and PTSD, the PCL-C and PHQ-9 are recommended by the CDC for use with refugee populations.

For more information, contact: Jessica Eagan, Refugee Health Program **Iowa Department of Public Health** 321 E 12<sup>th</sup> St., Des Moines, IA, 50319-0075 Phone: (515) 281-0433; fax: (515) 281-4570 Jessica.Eagan@idph.iowa.gov

http://idph.iowa.gov/immtb/rh

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